

# ***Children's Information: Improving lives through better listening and better data***

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research  
in practice



# : The project

- **Nuffield Foundation Strategic Fund** (Oct. 2021 – Sept. 2026)
- **Aims:**
  - *to improve the way that information about and from children, young people and families is used in local and national government in England*
  - *in order to shape the support and services provided to meet and respond to diverse needs and voices of children, young people and families*
- **Collaboration between:**
  - 4 Local Authority sites
  - 5 Universities
  - Research in Practice
- **To:**
  - Co-produce and evaluate an 'information use project' in each LA site
  - Share with wider Learning Network, test, develop and learn
  - Inform local and national government policy

- Reliance on statutory data returns and administrative data: data items determined by government; purposes, uses and meaningfulness of data are questionable
- Richer information, including voice information, exists within local authority management information systems, including case records (Holmes, 2019)
- Voices of children & young people are not consistently included in official statistics: eg. parental voice often used as proxy (Office for Statistics Regulation, 2022)
- Children and young people in care feel they have limited opportunities to participate in decisions; those more vulnerable are less likely to be involved (van Bijleveld et al, 2015)
- Involvement of children and family in record keeping throughout care experience can be beneficial to them (MIRRA, UCL)
- Highly important to accommodate diverse voices within children's information (Capella & Boddy, 2021)



**“To make other people’s experience positive, always listen and don’t presume you know how we feel.”**

(Care leaver)



# Data and information?

**Data are quantitative and may  
be analysed statistically**

**Data can be quantitative and qualitative  
and analysed in many ways**

**Information is everywhere;  
it only becomes Data when  
selected, recorded and/or  
codified with intention to use**

**Data are everywhere but only when  
interpreted/analysed do they become  
Information**

# Voice?

## Multiple Voices

- Children, young people, parents/carers, practitioners, managers, policy makers, wider community
- Diversity of voices within groups
- Voices at individual and collective levels

## Voices AS information

Views, experiences, wishes and feelings included within children's information

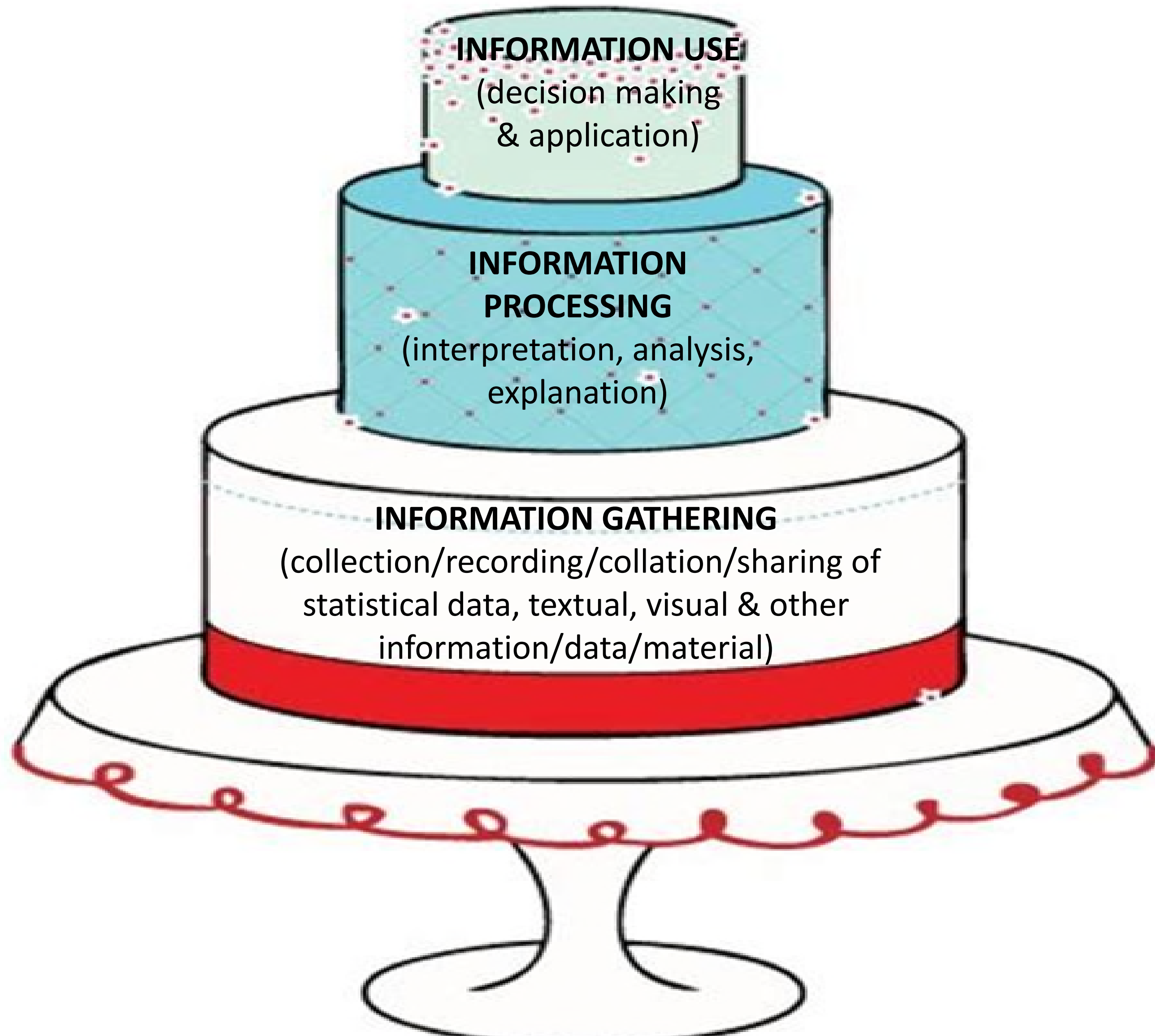
## Voice ABOUT information

Views, wishes and feelings about how children's information is gathered, processed, shared and used.

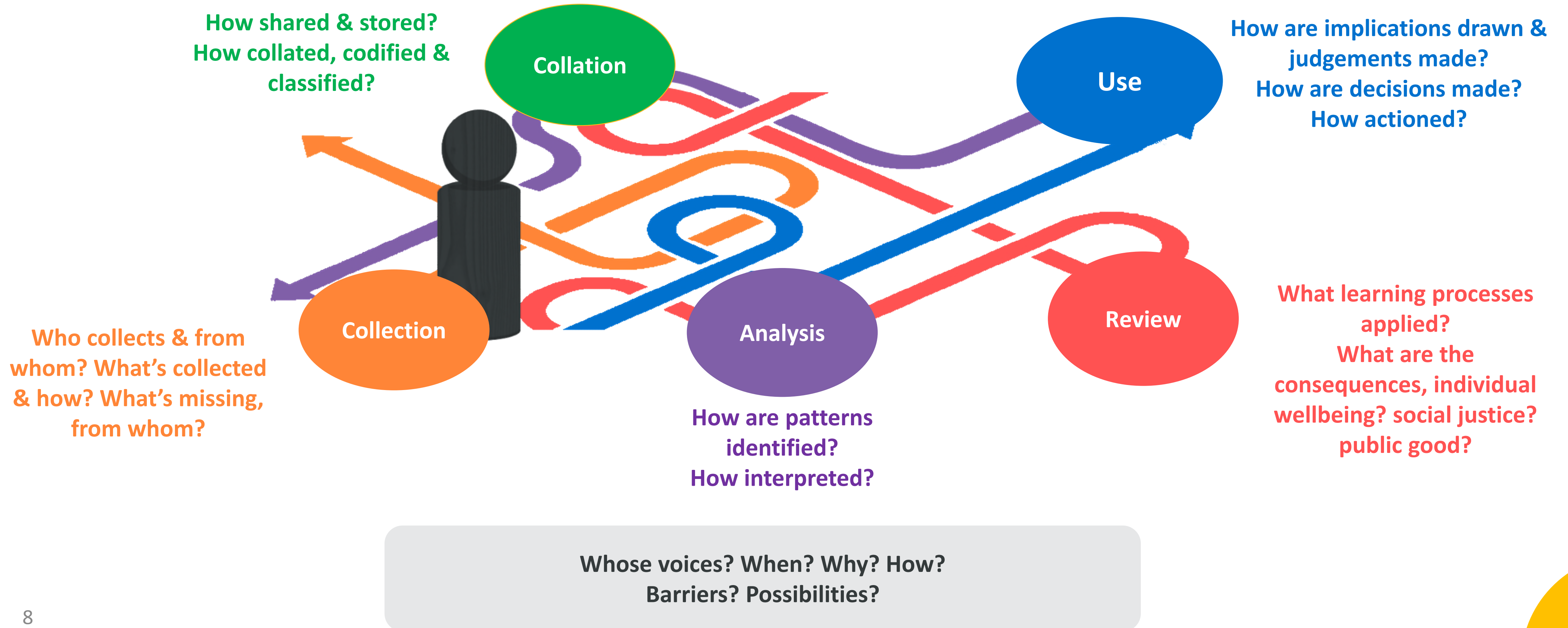
## Recognising voices

- Explicit *and* implicit
- Accessible *and* more hidden/seldom heard
- Verbal *and* nonverbal or silent
- 'Sensible' *and* challenging
- Invited *and* spontaneous
- Expressed formally *and* in the everyday
- Relational, situated and mediated in contexts (which may enable, constrain and shift voice)
- Expressed individually *and* collectively *and* at scale
- Listened to (?) operationally *and* strategically

# Voice and information



# Voice throughout Information Pathways






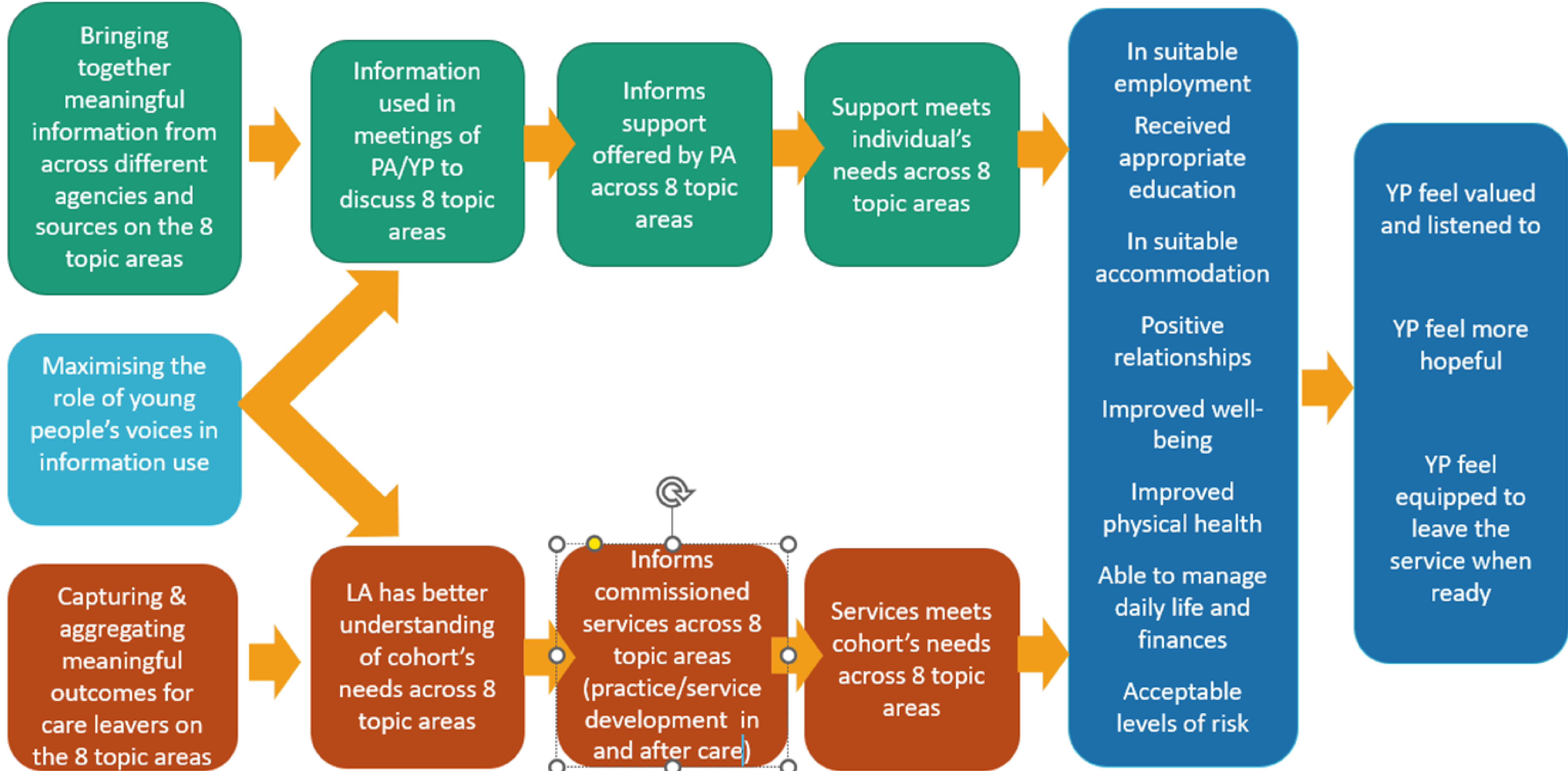
# Information use project: Example

- How can children's social care and their partner agencies most effectively and efficiently meet the needs of care leavers?
- What are the necessary support mechanisms to improve the outcomes, and life chances of care leavers?

## Aims:

- improve quality and depth of data analysis
  - bring more young person and family voice, and practitioner voice into the picture
  - sharpen use of information to drive policy and practice
  - evaluate impact to support further improvement
  - share learning with wider network and receive further quality assurance
  - learn from these activities to shape and inform national policy and practice
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Activities      Short-term outcomes      Intermediate outcomes      Long-term outcomes



# Early insights.....

## Observations

- practice model emphasises strong relationships and openness
- 'informal collection' of information while talking
- recording with young person as potential reader
- data collection processes change everyday
- relationships of care
- where young voices are integral to everyday practice and recording, they become more easily embedded within data

## Emerging questions

- does variety of mechanisms (eg. surveys, Mind of My Own) offer possibilities to voice differently?
- 'meaningfulness' of existing/additional measures?
- Do young people trust of workers to record information accurately?

